

The Influence of Coastal Metropolitan Areas on Meteorology (COASTAL URBAN Exercise)

2nd YSSS, 3-9 July 2011 Odessa, Ukraine

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Contents

- Aim and objectives
- Motivation
- Methods:
 - Experiment setup
 - Analysis of meteorological situation
- Results
- Conclusions



Aim

To study the influence of Bilbao metropolitan area on formation of breeze circulation

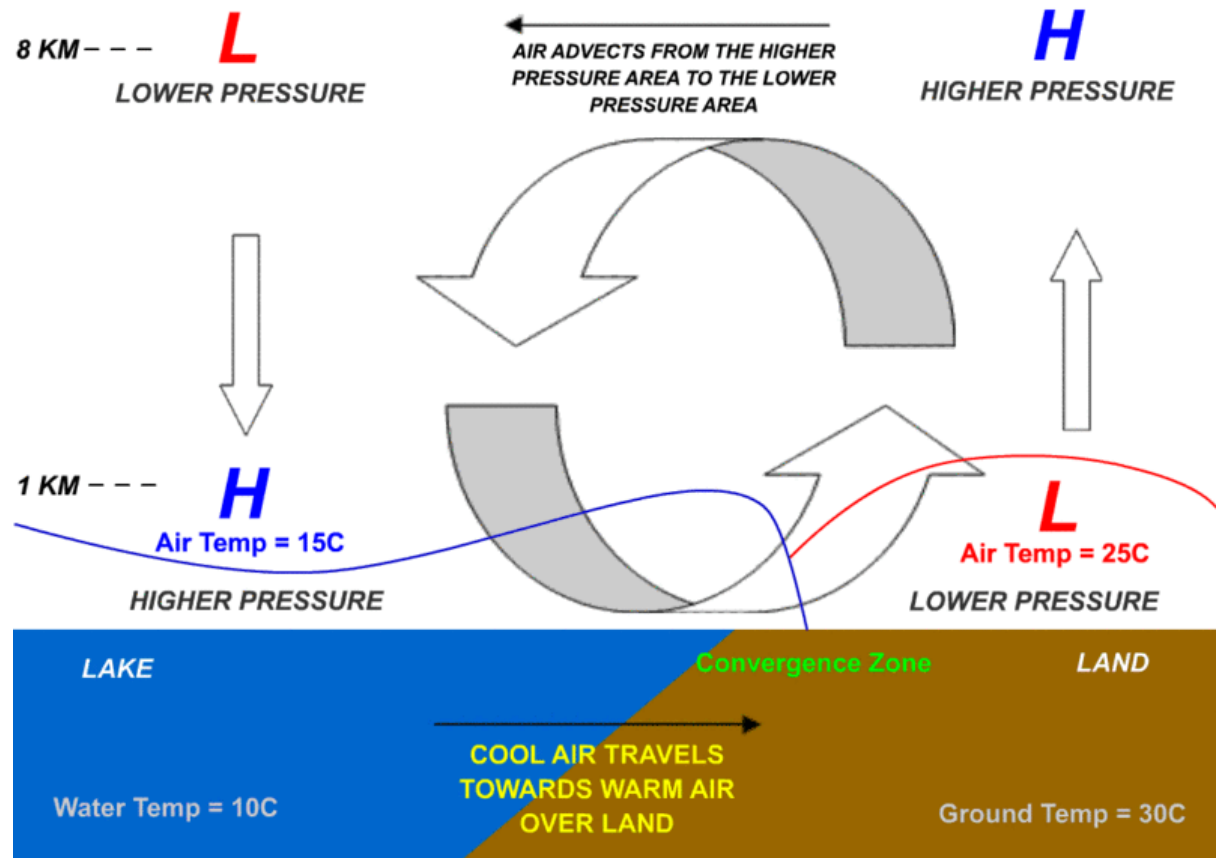
Objectives

- To perform simulations for the selected date (19 July 2009) in two modes - control run and modified run (changed AHF);
- To evaluate U and T_a diurnal cycle variability for the two types of runs.

Motivation

Breeze circulation formed in coastal areas controls:

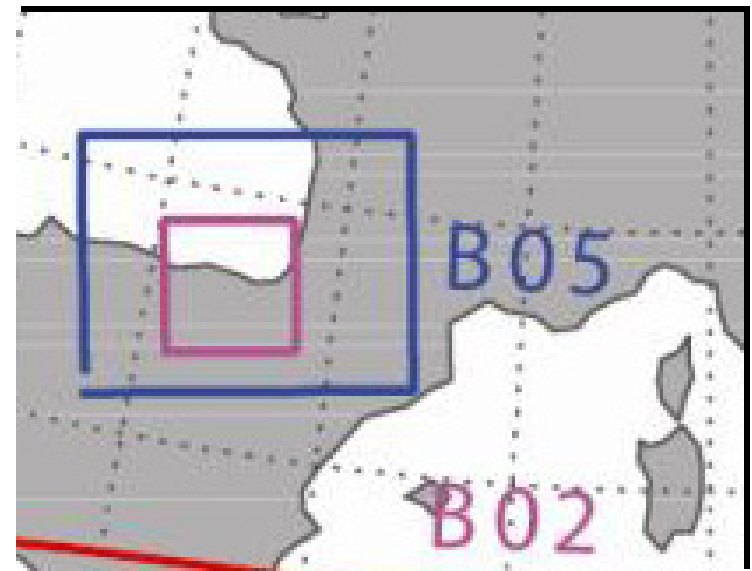
- local winds
- air quality
- convective activity and thunderstorms



Methods

Experiment setup

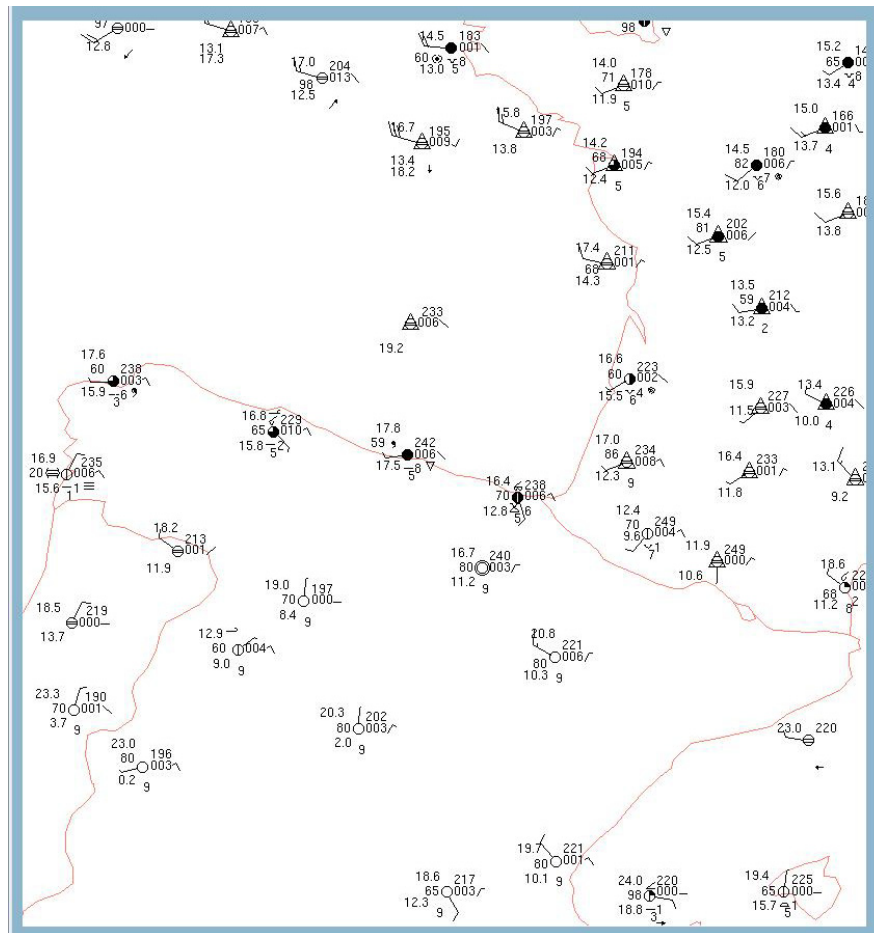
- Model: Enviro-HIRLAM
- Metropolitan area: Bilbao
- B 05 Domain Resolution: 5x5 km
- B 02 Domain Resolution: 2.4x2.4 km
- Vertical levels: 40
- Total # grid points in domain: 14834
- # Urban grid points in domain: 68



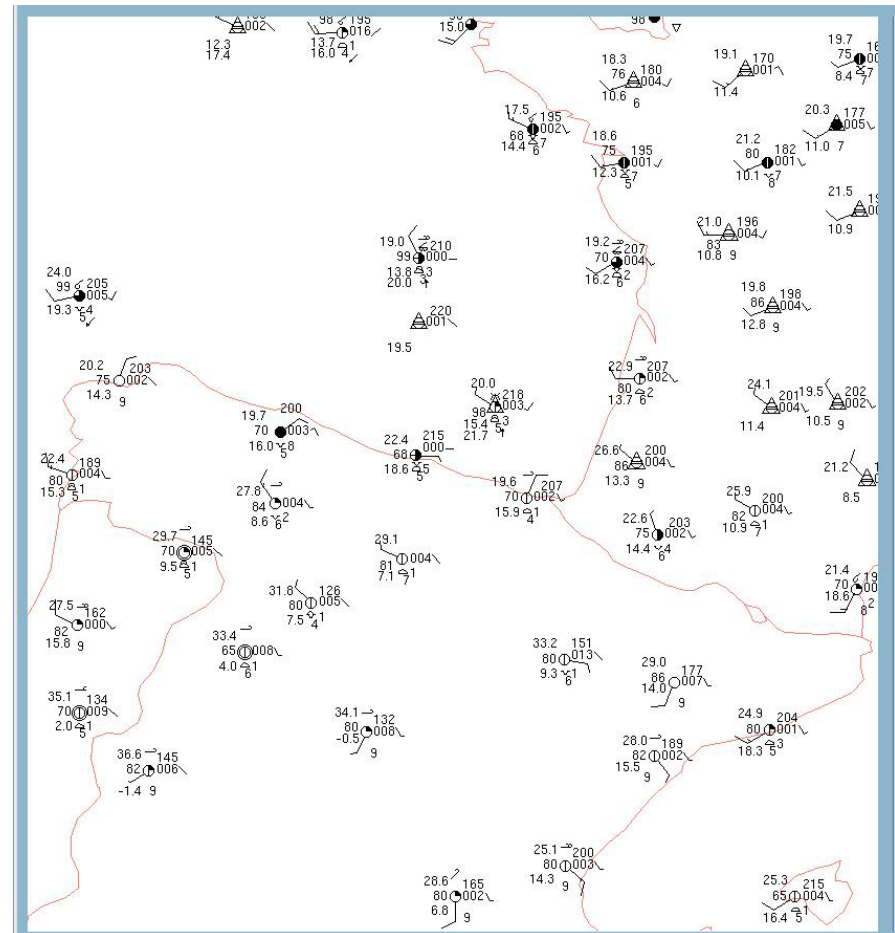
Methods

Analysis of meteorological situation

19 Jul 2009, 00 UTC

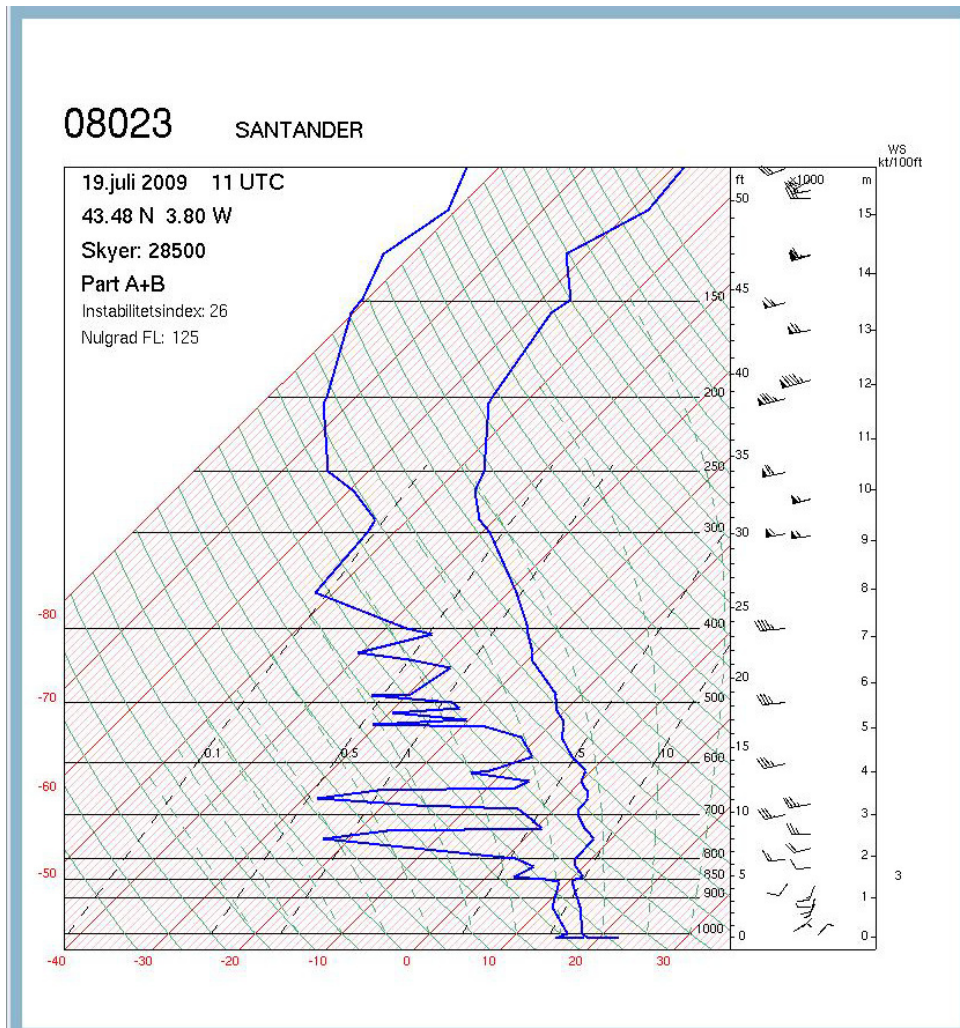


19 Jul 2009, 18 UTC

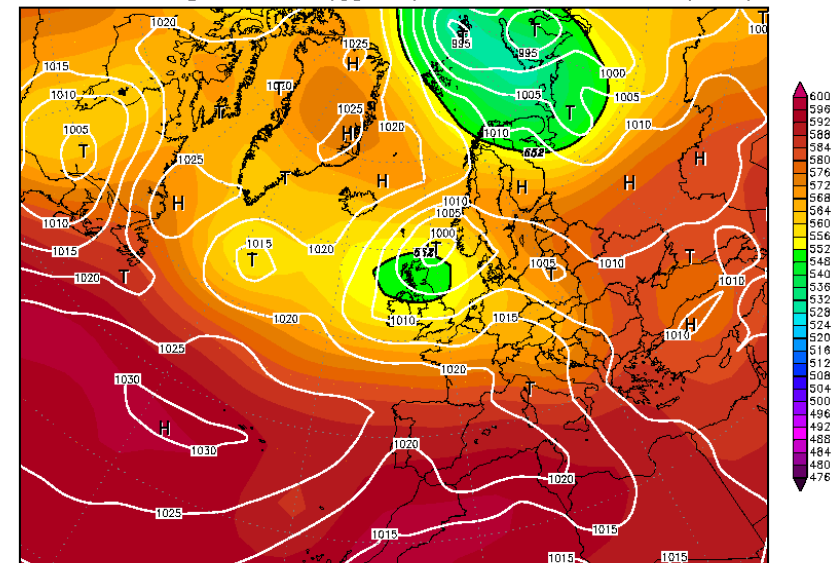


Methods:

Analysis of meteorological situation



19JUL2009 00Z
500 hPa Geopotential (gpm) und Bodendruck (hPa)



Daten: Reanalysis des NCEP
(C) Wetterzentrale
www.wetterzentrale.de

Case date: **19 July 2009**
Forecast period: **24h**

Methods

Types of model runs

1. Reference run

$$\Delta t = 30 \text{ s}, 90 \text{ s}, \text{AHF} = 0$$

2. Modified run №1

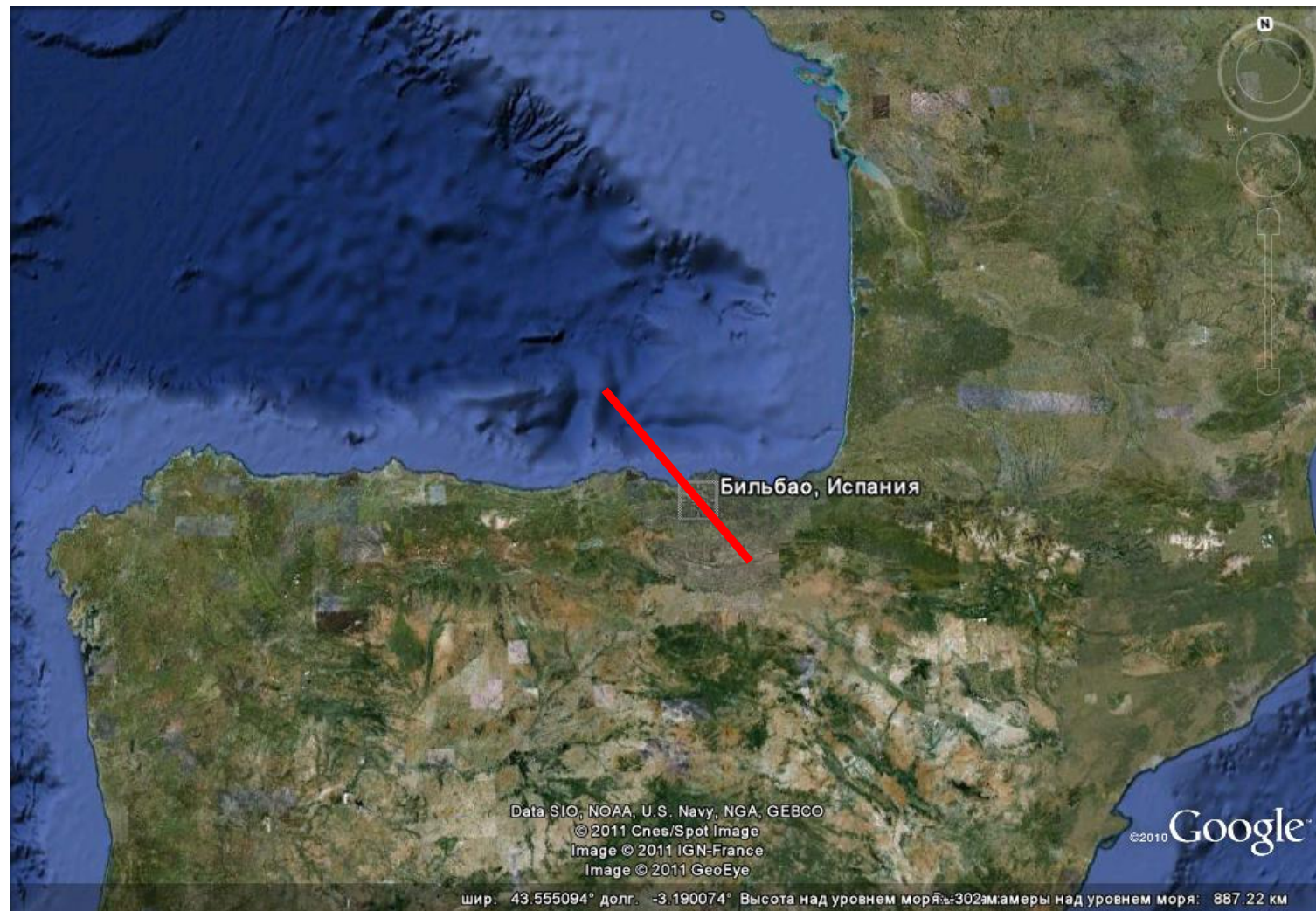
$$\Delta t = 30 \text{ s}, 90 \text{ s}, \text{AHF} = 40 \text{ W m}^{-2}$$

3. Modified run №2

$$\Delta t = 30 \text{ s}, \text{AHF} = 500 \text{ W m}^{-2}$$

Methods

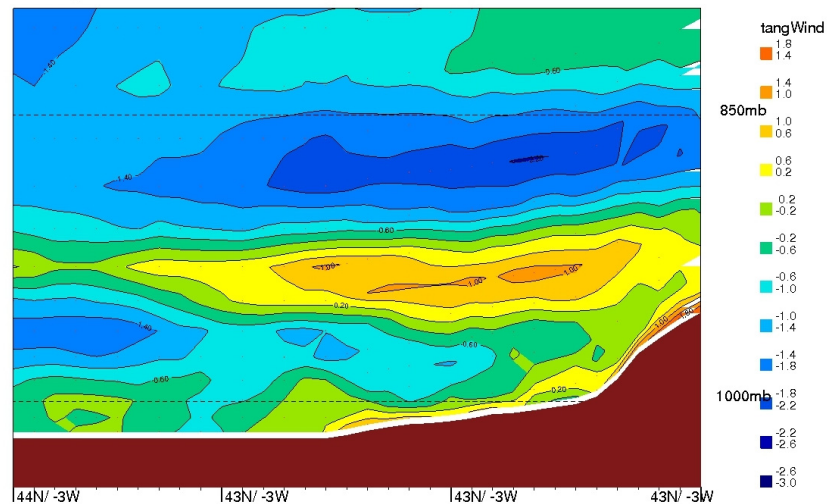
Location of the cross-sections



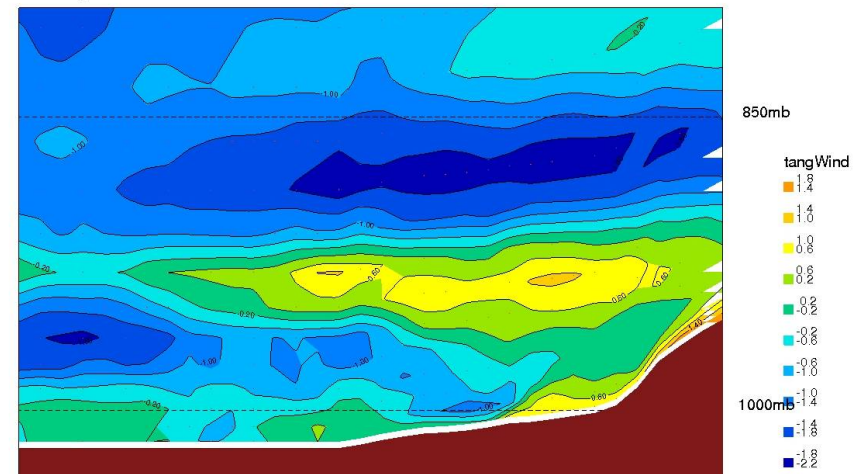
Results

Simulated breeze circulation Wind v-component, 6 UTC

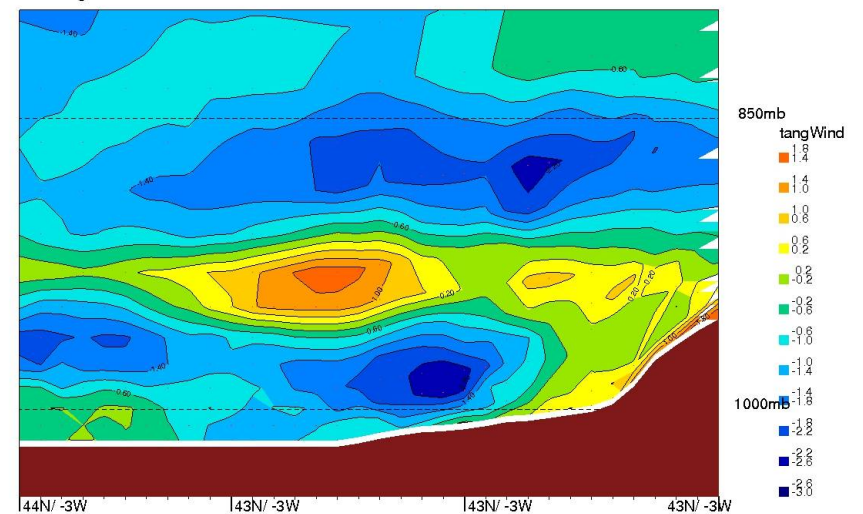
V-component UTC 06
19 Jul. 2009 00UTC +06h
— tangWind



V-component urban UTC 06
19 Jul. 2009 00UTC +06h
— tangWind



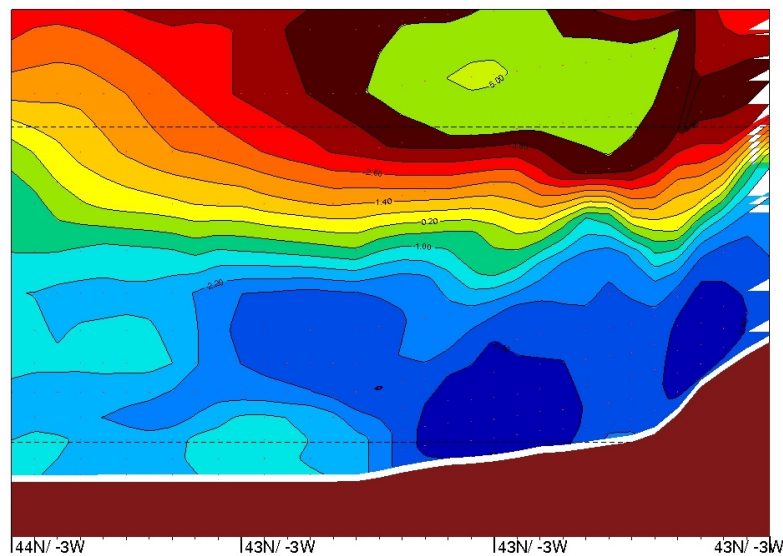
V-component urban+AHF UTC 06
19 Jul. 2009 00UTC +06h
— tangWind



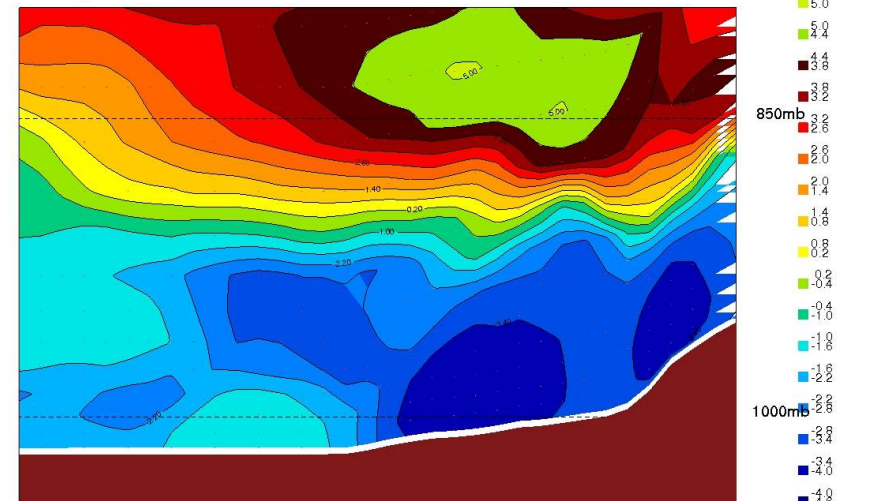
Results

Simulated breeze circulation Wind v-component, 15 UTC

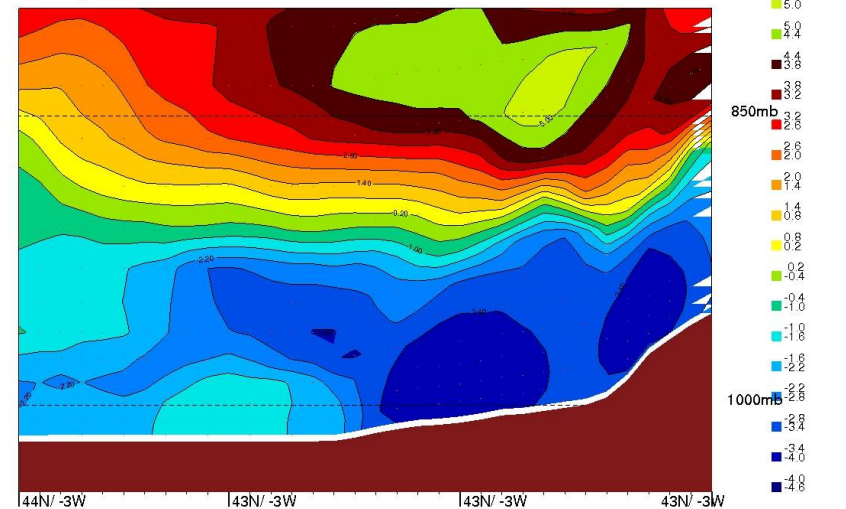
V-component UTC 15
19 Jul. 2009 00UTC +15h
— tangWind



V-component urban UTC 15
19 Jul. 2009 00UTC +15h
— tangWind



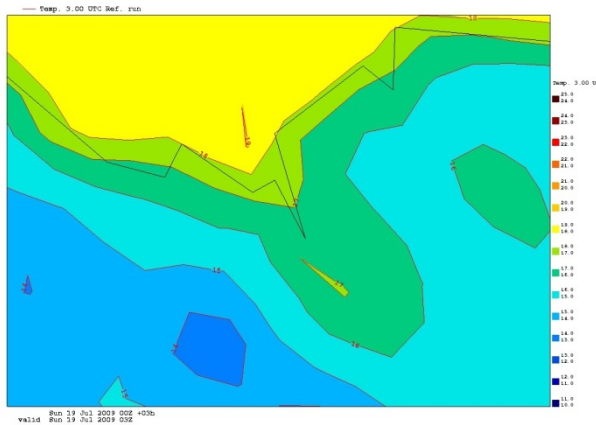
V-component urban+AHF UTC 15
19 Jul. 2009 00UTC +15h
— tangWind



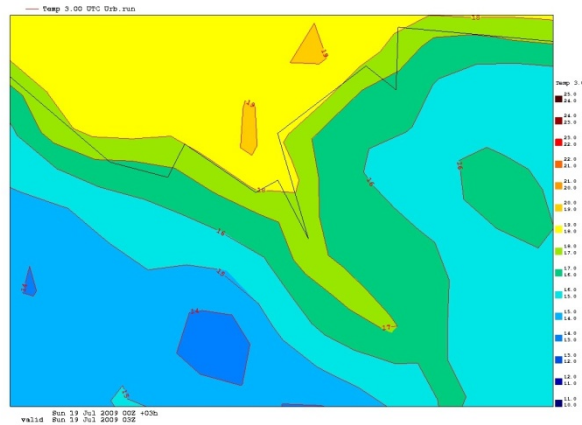
Results

Surface temperature distribution

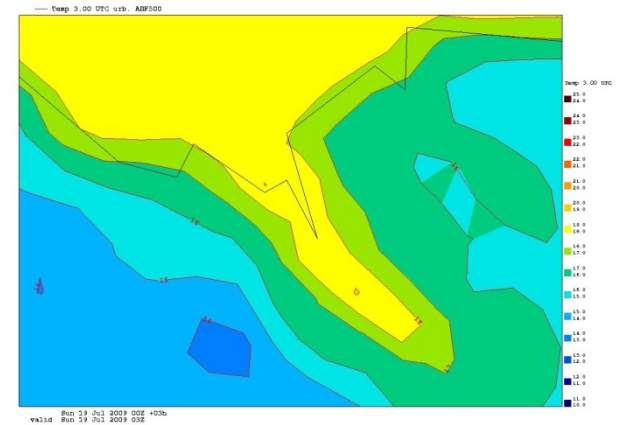
UTC 3:00, Ref.



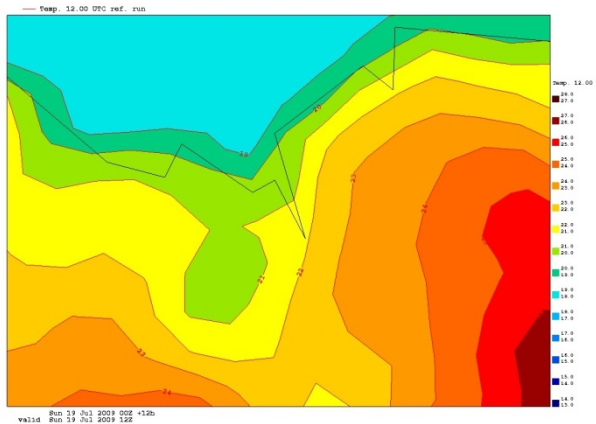
UTC 3:00, Urb. 40 W m⁻²



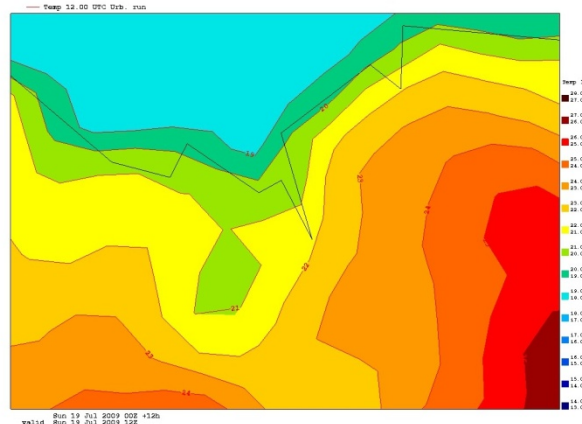
UTC 3:00, Urb. 500 W m⁻²



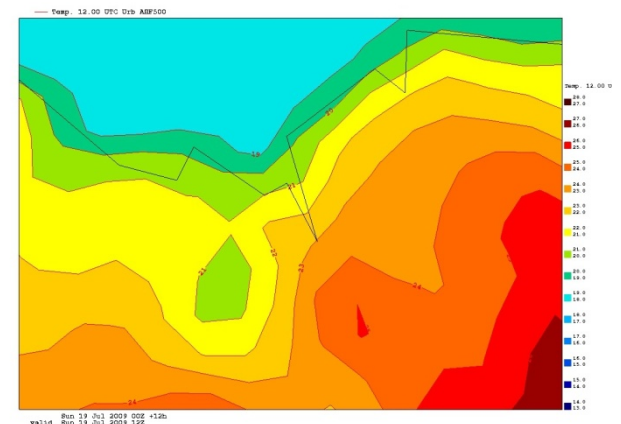
UTC 12:00, Ref.



UTC 12:00, Urb. 40 W m⁻²

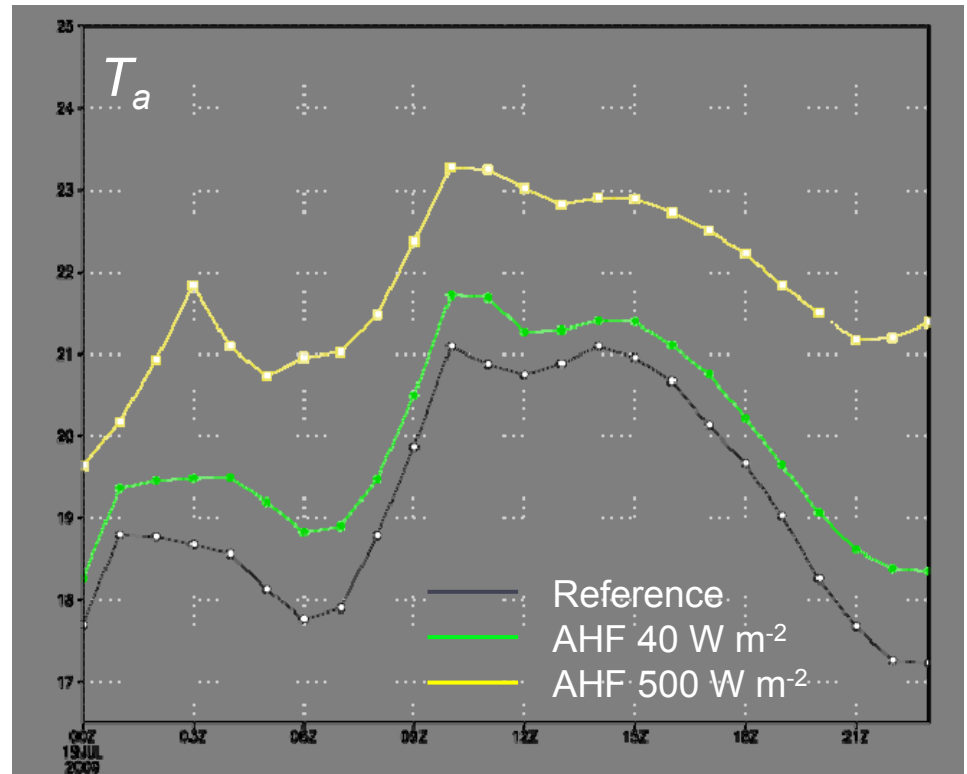
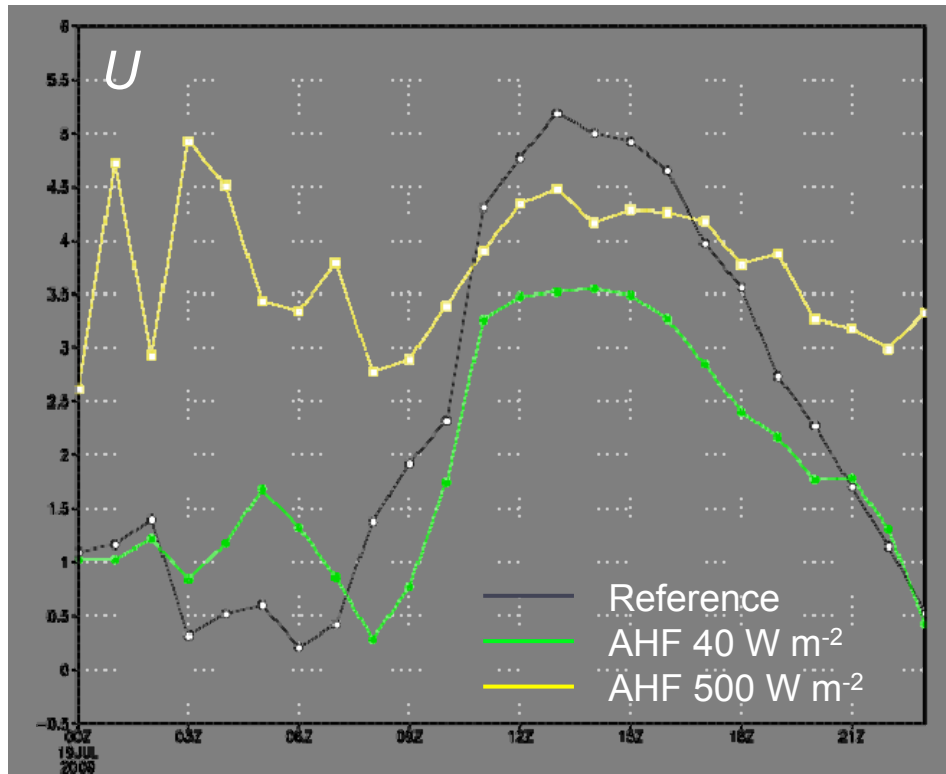


UTC 12:00, Urb. 500 W m⁻²



Results

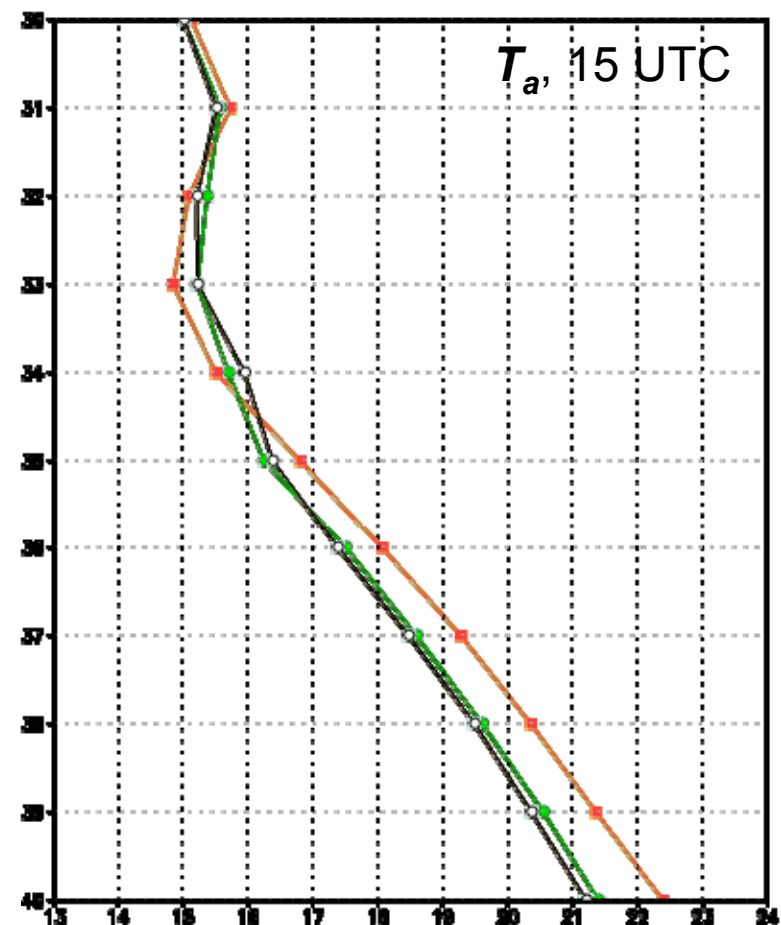
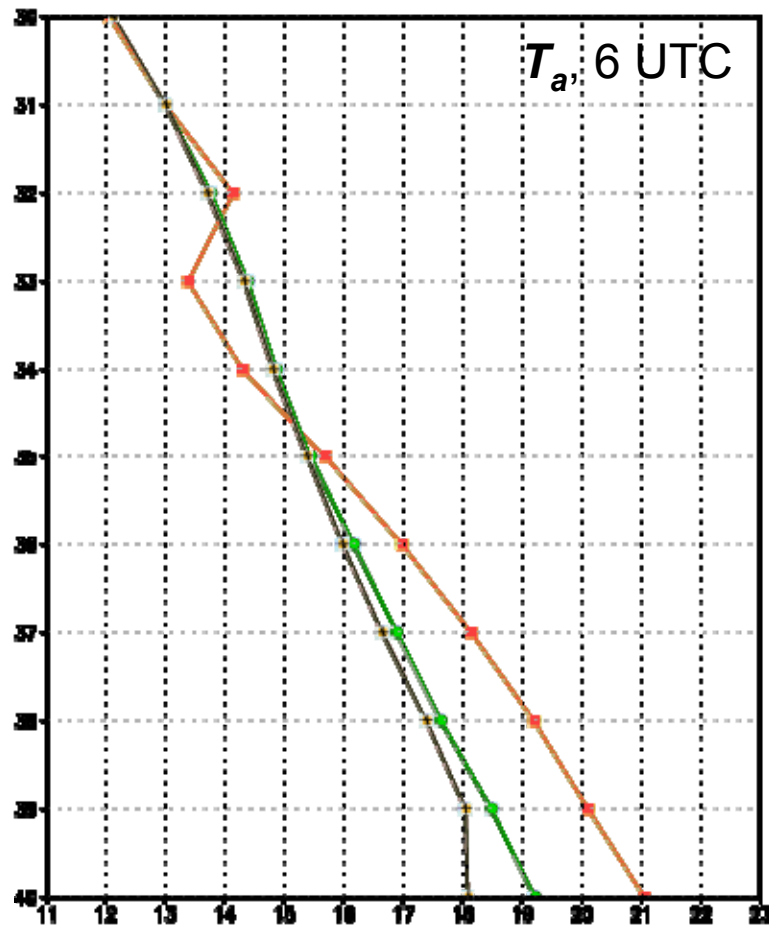
Diurnal variation of wind speed (U) and surface air temperature (T_a) in Bilbao centre



Results

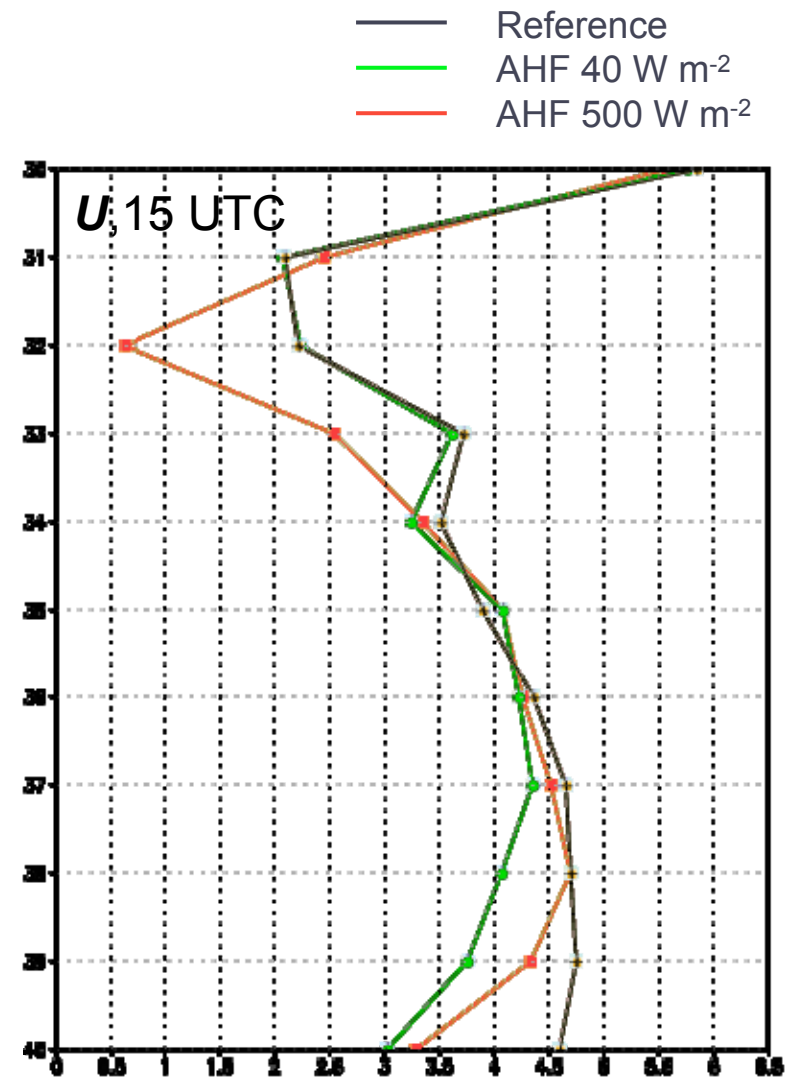
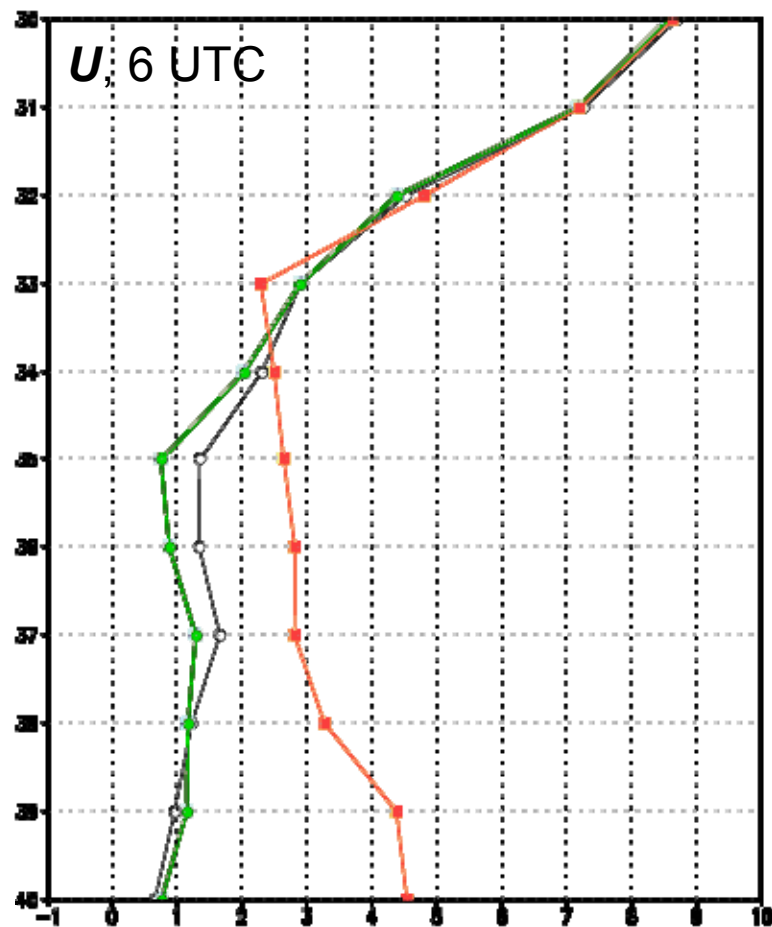
Vertical profiles of temperature
(Bilbao centre)

— Reference
— AHF 40 W m⁻²
— AHF 500 W m⁻²



Results

Vertical profiles of wind speed
(Bilbao centre)





Conclusions

- Breeze circulation is predicted by the model
- The influence of Bilbao metropolitan area on breeze circulation is demonstrated
- Metropolitan area reduces land breezes (with realistic AHF) and almost does not influence sea breezes during the daytime
- Imposed unrealistic AHF reverses circulation in the night time and unexpectedly weakens day-time circulation



THANK YOU!